COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

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Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area of Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District (District), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



Eadie + Payne, LLP

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Riverside, CA 92502-1529 Office: 951-241-7800 www.eadiepaynellp.com An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area of Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund in our report dated November 22, 2019. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

The financial statements include summarized prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United Stated of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which such summarized information was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Pension Plan Contribution and Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eadie and Payne HP

December 30, 2020 Riverside, California

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	2020 Governmental Activities	For Comparative Purposes Only 2019 Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 6,685,646	\$ 3,131,568
Taxes receivable	64,665	52,239
Accounts receivable	85,826	14,505
Due from other governments	-	19,022
Inventory	51,574	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	18,705,110	15,846,067
Total assets	25,592,821	19,063,401
Deferred outflows of resources	5 (0, 0, 0, 1)	(27.111
Pension	560,021	637,111
Total deferred outflows of resources	560,021	637,111
Liabilities		
Current:		
Accounts payable	378,745	368,928
Retention payable	445,000	338,138
Salaries and benefits payable	125,034	115,434
Due to other funds	-	17,587
Due to other governments	603,550	207,613
Long-term:		
Note payable	7,000,000	1,500,000
Compensated absences payable	106,586	153,677
Net pension liability	1,488,992	1,435,411
Total liabilities	10,147,907	4,136,788
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension	175,734	314,175
Total deferred inflows of resources	175,734	314,175
Net position		
Net invesment in capital assets	18,705,110	15,846,067
Restricted for parks and recreation	4,948,316	1,372,401
Unrestricted	(7,824,225)	(1,968,919)
Total net position	\$ 15,829,201	\$ 15,249,549

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020 Governmental Activities	For Comparative Purposes Only 2019 Governmental Activities		
Expenses				
Parks and recreation:				
Salaries and benefits	\$ 2,131,852	\$ 1,984,960		
Services and supplies	1,396,062	1,988,084		
Utilities	- -	519		
Depreciation	205,116	202,526		
Total program expenses	3,733,030	4,176,089		
Program revenues				
Charges for services	1,454,579	1,944,215		
Operating grants and contributions:				
Federal assistance	80,043	66,952		
State assistance	18,313	18,565		
Other charges	142,445	43,851		
Total program revenues	1,695,380	2,073,583		
General revenues				
Property taxes	2,492,040	2,303,729		
Other taxes	28,463	33,199		
Rents, concessions, and royalties	63,113	45,913		
Investment earnings	187,066	92,473		
Donations	26,620	14,235		
Total general revenues	2,797,302	2,489,549		
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to/from the County	(180,000)	500,000		
Transfers in	4,536,398	2,030,000		
Transfers out	(4,536,398)	(2,530,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,000)			
Change in net position	579,652	387,043		
Net position at beginning of year	15,249,549	14,862,506		
Net position at end of year	\$ 15,829,201	\$ 15,249,549		

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

			2020		
	SPECIAL REV	VENUE FUNDS		JECTS FUNDS	
	General (2580)	Zoo (2582)	Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)	Park Improvements (3161)	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 1,437,703	\$ 2,297,893	\$ 2,560,590	\$ 389,460	\$ 6,685,646
Taxes receivable	\$ 1,457,705 64,665	\$ 2,297,895 -	\$ 2,500,590 -	\$	64.665
Accounts receivable	40,116	45,710	-	-	85,826
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories		51,575			51,575
Total assets	1,542,484	2,395,178	2,560,590	389,460	6,887,712
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	22,981	10,961	299,705	45,098	378,745
Retention payable	-	-	445,000	-	445,000
Salaries and benefits payable	68,217	56,817	-	-	125,034
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	111,070	49,408	434,202	8,871	603,551
Total liabilities	202,268	117,186	1,178,907	53,969	1,552,330
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable (inventories)	-	51,575	-	-	51,575
Restricted For:					
Maintenance of park facilities	1,340,216	2,226,417	1,381,683	-	4,948,316
Assigned Unassigned	-	-	-	335,491	335,491
Total fund balances	1,340,216	2,277,992	1,381,683	335,491	5,335,382
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 1,542,484	\$ 2,395,178	\$ 2,560,590	\$ 389,460	\$ 6,887,712
Reconciliation of balance sheet of govern	nental funds to statemer	nt of net position:			
Total fund balance - governmental funds					\$ 5,335,382
-					φ 3,335,362
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the statement of net po	osition are different becaus	se:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds.	activities are not financial	resources and, therefore,	are not reported in the		18,705,110
Deferred outflows of resources, def plan are not financial resources or d governmental funds.			•		
Notes payable are not due and paya	ble in the current period a	nd, therefore, are not repo	orted in the		(1,104,705)
governmental funds.					(7,000,000)
Compensated absences payable are	not financial resources and	d are not reported in the g	overnmental funds.		(106,586)
Net position of governmental activities					<u>\$ 15,829,201</u>

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

				For	Compa	rative Purposes (2019	Only			
		SPECIAL REV	/ENUE	FUNDS		CAPITAL PRO	JECTS I	FUNDS		
		General (2580)	Zoo (2582)		Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)		Park	Improvements (3161)	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments Inventories Total assets	\$	1,420,665 52,239 14,505 - - 1,487,409	\$	1,010,586 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	420,584 - - 19,022 - - 439,606	\$	279,734	\$	3,131,569 52,239 14,505 19,022 - 3,217,335
Liabilities Accounts payable Retention payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Total liabilities		30,174 - 67,247 17,587 - 115,008		301,322 48,187 - - - 349,509		37,432 338,138 - - - 207,613 583,183		- - - - - -		368,928 338,138 115,434 17,587 207,613 1,047,700
Fund balances: Nonspendable (inventories) Restricted For: Maintenance of park facilities Assigned Unassigned		- 1,372,401 - -		- - - 661,077		(143,577)		279,734		1,372,401 279,734 517,500
Total fund balances		1,372,401		661,077		(143,577)		279,734		2,169,635
Total liabilities and fund balances Reconciliation of balance sheet of govern	<u>\$</u> nmental 1	1,487,409 funds to statem	<u>\$</u> ent of n	1,010,586 net position:	\$	439,606	\$	279,734	\$	1,047,700
Total fund balance - governmental fund	5								\$	-
Amounts reported for governmental activitie	es in the s	tatement of net 1	position	are different beca	use:					
Capital assets used in governmenta the funds. Deferred outflows of resources, de plan are not financial resources or a	ferred inf	lows of resource	s, and le	ong-term liability i	elated to	the pension				15,846,067
the governmental funds. Notes payable are not due and pay	able in th	e current period :	and the	refore are not re	ported in	the				(1,112,476)
governmental funds.										(1,500,000)
Compensated absences payable are	e not fina	ncial resources ar	nd are n	ot reported in the	governn	nental funds.				(153,677)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	13,079,914

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 2020								
	 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				CAPITAL P FUN				
	General (2580)	Zoo (2582)		Moonridge Animal Park Relocation (3164)		Park Improvements (3161)		GOV	TOTAL ÆRNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 2,492,040	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,492,040
Other taxes	28,463		-		-		-		28,463
Intergovernmental:									
Federal assistance	80,043		-		-		-		80,043
State assistance	18,313		-		-		-		18,313
Rents, concessions, and royalties	58,447		2,669		1,997		-		63,113
Service fees	162,886		1,291,693		-		-		1,454,579
Other charges	(5,118)		69,899		76,584		-		141,365
Other services	 1,080		-		-		-		1,080
Total revenues	 2,836,154		1,364,261		78,581		-		4,278,996
Expenditures									
Current - parks and recreation:									
Salaries and benefits	1,239,327		934,023		13,363		-		2,186,713
Services and supplies	976,960		398,227		18,196		-		1,393,383
Utilities	-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:									
Improvements to land	-		-		2,862,596		204,243		3,066,839
Total expenditures	 2,216,287		1,332,250		2,894,155		204,243		6,646,935
Other financing sources (uses)									
Investment earnings	55,286		77,344		54,436		-		187,066
Proceeds from/repayment of note payable	_		-		-		-		-
Donations	9,060		7,560		10,000		-		26,620
Transfers in from/(out to) County	(180,000)		5,500,000		-		-		5,320,000
Transfers in	-		-		4,276,398		260,000		4,536,398
Transfers out	(536,398)		(4,000,000)		-		-		(4,536,398)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (652,052)		1,584,904		4,340,834		260,000		5,533,686
Net change in fund balances	 (32,185)		1,616,915		1,525,260		55,757		3,165,747
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	1,372,401		661,077		(143,577)		279,734		2,169,635
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,340,216	\$	2,277,992	\$	1,381,683	\$	335,491	\$	5,335,382
		_							

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	For Comparative Purposes Only 2019									
		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
		General (2580)		Zoo (2582)		Moonridge Animal k Relocation (3164)	1	Park rovements (3161)	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues	¢	2 202 720	\$		\$		\$		\$	2 202 720
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	2,303,729 33,199	\$	-	\$	-	2	-	\$	2,303,729 33,199
Intergovernmental:		55,199		-		-		-		55,199
Federal assistance		66,952		-		_		_		66,952
State assistance		18,565		-		-		-		18.565
Rents, concessions, and royalties		44,163		1,750		-		-		45,913
Service fees		300,459		1,643,756		-		-		1,944,215
Other charges		-		43,773		-		-		43,773
Other services		78		-		-		-		78
Total revenues		2,767,145		1,689,279		-		-		4,456,424
Expenditures										
Current - parks and recreation:										
Salaries and benefits		1,224,675		790,351		-		-		2,015,026
Services and supplies		923,098		855,460		-		-		1,778,558
Utilities		-		519		-		-		519
Capital outlay:										
Improvements to land		45,981		-		2,149,474		9,359		2,204,814
Total expenditures		2,193,754		1,646,330		2,149,474		9,359		5,998,917
Other financing sources (uses)										
Investment earnings		50,603		24,198		17,672		-		92,473
Proceeds from/repayment of note payable		-		(150,000)		-		-		(150,000)
Donations		5,257		8,978		-		-		14,235
Transfers in from/(out to) County Transfers in		-		300,000		2,030,000		200,000		500,000 2,030,000
Transfers out		(1,000,000)		(1,350,000)		(180,000)		-		(2,530,000)
		(944,140)		(1,350,000) (1,166,824)		1,867,672		200,000		(43,292)
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances		(370,749)		(1,100,824) (1,123,875)		(281,802)		190,641		(1,585,785)
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported		1,743,150		284,952		138,225		89,093		2,255,420
Prior period adjustment		-		1,500,000		-		-		1,500,000
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		1,743,150		1,784,952		138,225		89,093		3,755,420
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,372,401	\$	661,077	\$	(143,577)	\$	279,734	\$	2,169,635

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2020	2019
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,165,747	\$ (1,585,785)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense was exceeded by capital outlay, net of disposals in the current period.	2,859,044	1,792,762
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	7,770	37,821
Note payable proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds and repayment of the principal of note payable consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. However, neither transaction has any effect on changes in net position. This is the amount of the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.	(5,500,000)	150,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences payable	47,091	(7,755)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 579,652	\$ 387,043

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation (the District) was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on April 23, 1934. The District maintains nine parks, including a zoo, swim beach, and senior center.

The District is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The Accompanying financial statement reflect only the accounts of the Big Bear Valley Park and Recreation District of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the District meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the District's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type* activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided from governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the District does not have any proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation (continued)

The special revenue fund labeled "Zoo" accounts for the Moonridge Animal Park Zoo.

The *capital project fund* labeled "Moonridge Animal Park Relocation" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for the zoo.

The *capital project fund* labeled "Park Improvements" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities for the Big Bear parks.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided 2) operating grants and contribution, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Currently, the District has no business-type activities.

Property taxes and receivables

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

All accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles when applicable. No allowance for uncollectibles has been recorded as of June 30, 2020 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the regular tax roll.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40-60
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Equity

The District follows GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classification describes the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purpose for which the resources can be used:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance*: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash.
- *Restricted Fund Balance:* Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/ regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- *Committed Fund Balance*: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e., the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects though the use of the respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Equity (continued)

• Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balances. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund – Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund – Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Employee compensated absences

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absence liabilities are recorded as a current liability. The District is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave is an employee terminates or retires.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within	LT Comp.
	balance	Additions	Deletions	balance	one year	Absences
Compensated Absences	\$ 153,677	\$ 99,342	\$ (146,433)	106,586	-	106,586

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of section 29000-29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's plan and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed when incurred in the Government-Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASB No. 65. In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. Restricted net position is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2020. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The County of San Bernardino's CAFR may be obtained from their website https://www.sbcounty.gov/ATC/Services/Documents.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental activities:

Governmental activities.								
		Beginning						
		Balance	Additi	ditions Deletio		eletions		ding Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	3,521,596	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,521,596
Development in progress		10,175,551	3,064	,159		-		13,239,710
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	13,697,147	3,064	,159		-		16,761,306
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Improvements to land		2,812,147		-		-		2,812,147
Structures and improvements		2,632,960		-		-		2,632,960
Vehicle		47,702		-		-		47,702
Equipment		66,902		-		-		66,902
Total capital assets, being depreciated		5,559,711		-		-		5,559,711
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Improvements to land		(1,733,932)	(101	,487)		-		(1,835,419)
Structures and improvements		(1,625,955)	(95	5,545)		-		(1,721,500)
Vehicle		(43,190)	(3	3,384)		-		(46,574)
Equipment		(7,714)	(4	,700)		-		(12,414)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,410,791)	(205	<u>,116</u>)		-		(3,615,907)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	2,148,920	(205	5 <u>,116</u>)		-		1,943,804
Total capital assets, net	\$	15,846,067	\$ 2,859	9,043	\$	-	\$	18,705,110

NOTE 4: NOTES PAYABLE

Note Payable to CSA 70

The District borrowed \$1,500,000 from CSA 70 on May 24, 2016 to address an immediate funding need associated with the Big Bear Alpine Zoo Relocation Project. The loan is subject to full repayment within a 10-year period plus interest as determined by the County Auditor-Controller/Treasure/Tax Collector. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020 is \$1,500,000

Note Payable to the County General Fund

The District borrowed \$5,500,000 from the County General Fund on October 8, 2019 to fund the completion of the Big Bear Alpine Zoo Relocation Project and ensure the operational and cash flow stability of the Zoo. This liability is to be repaid, including interest at the Treasurer's Investment Pool rate, over a period not to exceed 30 years commencing upon approval of the loan agreement. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2020 is \$5,500,000

Debt service payment (principal and interest) is estimated at \$250,000 per year.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Employees of the District participate in the County of San Bernardino's (County) cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA). The Plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement (Board) under the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W. Hospitality Lane, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Benefits Provided. SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members, including the District's employees, are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is greater than fifty percent of the full standard of hours required are members of SBCERA, and are provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits for the General Tier 1 and General Tier 2 Plans are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General – Tier 1	General – Tier 2
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 months	Highest 36
		consecutive months
Normal Retirement Age	Age 55	Age 55
Forly Detinement, Veers of complex	Age 70 any years	Age 70 any years
Early Retirement: Years of service required and/or eligible for	10 years age 50	5 years age 52
required and/or engine for	30 years any age	N/A
	2% per year of final	At age 67, 2.5% per
	average	year of final
Benefit percent per year of service	compensation for	average
for normal retirement age	every year of	compensation for
	service credit	every year of
		service credit
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age	Reduced before age
	55, increased after	67
	55 up to age 65	
Final Average Compensation	Internal Revenue	Government Code
Limitation	Code section	section 7522.10
	401(a)(17)	

Contributions. Participating employers and active members, including the District and the District's employees, are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454, for participating employers and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25 and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly, based on an annual actuarial valuation, conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future

service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 ranged between 8.62% and 14.65% for Tier 1 General members and was 9.10% for Tier 2 General members.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were 25.39% and 22.86% for Tier 1 and Tier 2, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rates

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of actuarial assumptions and discount rates for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense/Benefit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,488,992 which represents 13.33% of the County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The District's proportion was allocated based on FY 2020 total salaries and benefits relative to the total salaries and benefits of the County of San Bernardino Special Districts as a whole.

The County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability was based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the County's contributions for FY 2019 as a whole. The County's net pension liability was allocated by SBCERA based on the actual employer contributions in each cost group.

The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 based upon the results of an actuarial valuation as of the same date. Plan fiduciary net position and the total pension liability were valued as of the measurement dates.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

Current					
19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	1%	Increase
(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
\$	2,714,595	\$	1,488,992	\$	484,194

Pension benefits recognized amounted to \$(7,770) for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
of Resources*	of Resources**
\$ 560,021	\$ 175,734

* Total deferred outflows includes change in assumptions, change in proportion and differences between share of contributions, and contributions after measurement date.

** Total deferred inflows includes differences in expected and actual expense, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from the District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date of \$265,835, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,					
2021	\$	52,908			
2022		(10,798)			
2023		45,712			
2024		27,652			
2025		2,822			
Thereafter		156			
Total	\$	118,452			

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, environmental liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker through CSAC-EIA (California State Association of

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Counties – Excess Insurance Authority), as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$25 million excess of \$3 million self-insured retention with QBE Insurance, Munich Reinsurance America, Inc., Markel Corp., Great American Ins., Brit Global Specialty USA, and Lloyd's of London ANNV syndicate. Excess Liability coverage for \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Brit Global Specialty USA and Great American Ins. Company. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$35 million. In addition, the actuary has recommended that the County maintains a \$24 million reserve to cover SIR exposure for auto and general liability programs. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program continued under CSAC-EIA Excess Workers' Compensation Program with a policy of \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with Great American Insurance Co., ACE American Insurance Co., and Liberty Insurance Corporation. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers/reinsurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claims made basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

Environmental claims are expected to occur infrequently, but have the potential to be expensive when they do occur. The County has experienced only two significant environmental liability claims since it began self-insuring this exposure in 1983. Given that environmental liability is an extremely volatile coverage, which is characterized by low frequency and high severity, the County has taken a conservative stance, as recommended by the actuary, by setting aside a minimum of \$10 million to cover future environmental liability claims.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 1.392% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, at June 30, 2020.

NOTE 7 TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Interfund transfers are transactions used to close out a fund, reimburse an opening fund, and transfer cash between operating funds and capital projects funds. At June 30, 2020, the District made the following interfund in and out.

	Trar	_	
	Moonridge		_
	Animal		
	Park		
	Relocation	Improvements	
Transfers Out	(3164)	(3161)	Total
General (2580)	276,398	260,000	536,398
Zoo (2582)	4,000,000		4,000,000
Total	4,276,398	260,000	4,536,398

NOTE 8: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2020, in the opinion of the District Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTE 9: PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District made the following restatement to the fund balances to correct an error effective July 1, 2018:

Zoo Special Revenue Fund (2582)

Fund balance - beginning, as previously reported	\$ 284,952
To adjust advance from County received during FY 2017-2018. The County deems the transaction to be a transfer to the fund for purposes of	
the fund financial statements	 1,500,000
Fund balance - beginning, as restated	\$ 1,784,952

There is no effect on net position or changes to net position for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 30, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During March 2020, a global pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization related to the rapidly growing outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19). The pandemic has significantly impacted the economic conditions in the U.S., accelerating through the rest of 2020, as federal, state, and local government react to the public health crisis, creating significant uncertainties in the U.S. economy. These uncertainties could negatively impact the District's operations and financial results.

Required Supplementary Information COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	General (2580)			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 2,355,446	\$2,355,446	\$2,492,040	\$ 136,594
Other taxes	38,963	38,963	28,463	(10,500)
Intergovernemntal:				
Federal assistance	75,000	75,000	80,043	5,043
State assistance	19,450	19,450	18,313	(1,137)
Rents, concessions, and royalties	39,072	39,072	58,447	19,375
Service fees	50,000	50,000	162,886	112,886
Other charges	150,000	150,000	(5,118)	(155,118)
Other revenue	-	-	1,080	1,080
Total revenues	2,727,931	2,727,931	2,836,154	108,223
Expenditures				
Current - parks and recreation:				
Salaries and benefits	1,523,549	1,523,549	1,239,327	284,222
Services and supplies	1,045,774	1,045,774	976,960	68,814
Capital outlay:				
Improvements to land	128,000	128,000	-	128,000
Total expenditures	2,697,323	2,697,323	2,216,287	481,036
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	30,608	30,608	619,867	589,259
Other financing sources (uses)				
Investment earnings	28,849	28,849	55,286	26,437
Donations	25,000	25,000	9,060	(15,940)
Transfer out	(716,398)	(716,398)	(716,398)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(662,549)	(662,549)	(652,052)	10,497
Net change in fund balances	\$ (631,941)	\$ (631,941)	(32,185)	\$ 599,756
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending			<u>1,372,401</u> \$1,340,216	

Required Supplementary Information COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT BIG BEAR VALLEY PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Funds (Zoo) For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			
	Zoo (2582)			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Rents, concessions, and royalties	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 2,669	\$ (331)
Service fees	1,730,000	1,730,000	1,291,693	(438,307)
Other revenue	10,000	10,000	69,899	59,899
Total revenues	1,743,000	1,743,000	1,364,261	(378,739)
Expenditures				
Current - parks and recreation:				
Salaries and benefits	1,087,701	1,087,701	934,023	153,678
Services and supplies	804,169	804,169	398,227	405,942
Capital outlay:				
Improvements to land	30,000	30,000	-	30,000
Debt Service				
Principal	279,138	1,779,138	-	1,779,138
Interest	96,000	96,000	_	96,000
Total expenditures	2,297,008	3,797,008	1,332,250	2,464,758
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(554,008)	(2,054,008)	32,011	2,086,019
Other financing sources (uses)				
Investment earnings	\$ 10,880	\$ 10,880	\$ 77,344	\$ 66,464
Donations	1,500	1,500	7,560	6,060
Transfers in from County	-	5,500,000	5,500,000	-
Transfer out	-	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)	-
Total other financing sources(uses)	12,380	1,512,380	1,584,904	72,524
Net change in fund balances	\$ (541,628)	\$ (541,628)	1,616,915	\$ 2,158,543
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending			661,077 \$ 2,277,992	